



GOAL 17. STRENGTHEN THE MEANS OF IMPLEMENTATION AND REVITALIZE THE GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

Goals/Targets/Indicators	Baseline	Latest	Target ^{9/}	Data Source Agency
target 17.1 Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection				
17.1.1 Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP	14.5 2016	15.5 2021		PSNA, PSA
17.1.2 Proportion of domestic budget funded by domestic taxes	74.1 2016	54.6 2020		BESF for Tax Revenues, DBM GAA, DBM
target 17.2 Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of ODA/GNI to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries; ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries				
17.2.1 Net official development assistance, total and to least developed countries, as a proportion of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Development Assistance Committee donors' gross national income (GNI)	N/A			
target 17.3 Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources				
17.3.1 Foreign direct investments (FDI), official development assistance and South-South Cooperation as a proportion of total domestic budget				
17.3.1.1 Foreign direct investments (FDI)	18.4 2016	11.5 ^{1/} 2019		BSP-BOP Statistics General Appropriations Act, DBM
17.3.1.2 Official Development Assistance	2.8 2016	37.1 ^{2/} 2020		ODA Portfolio Review, NEDA General Appropriations Act, DBM
17.3.2 Volume of remittances (in billion USD) as a proportion of total GDP	9.3 2016	8.9 2019		BOP, BSP National Accounts, PSA
target 17.4 Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress				
17.4.1 Debt service as a proportion of exports of goods and services	9.7 2016	9.0 ^p 2020		External Debt Ratios, BSP
target 17.6 Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism				
17.6.2 Fixed Internet broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants ^{3/}	2.1 2016	7.9 2020		Administrative Data, NTC
target 17.8 Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology				
17.8.1 Proportion of individuals using the Internet ^{4/}	48.1 2013	75.4 2019	100.0 2030	FLEMMS, PSA
17.8.1.1 Proportion of population with exposure to social interaction in the internet	43.8 2013	73.9 2019	100.0 2030	FLEMMS, PSA
17.8.1.2 Proportion of population with exposure to research work/study in the internet	42.2 2013	63.6 2019	100.0 2030	FLEMMS, PSA
target 17.9 Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the sustainable development goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation				
17.9.1 Dollar value of financial and technical assistance (including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation) committed to developing countries	N/A			
target 17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts				
17.18.2 Number of countries that have national statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics ^{5/} *	1.0 2016	1.0 2021	1.0 2030	PSA
17.18.3 Number of countries with a national statistical plan that is fully funded and under implementation, by source of funding ^{6/} **	1.0 2016	1.0 2021	1.0 2030	PSDP, PSA
target 17.19 By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries				
17.19.1 Dollar value of all resources made available to strengthen statistical capacity in developing countries (in million PhP)	2.1 2014	2.1 2014		CRESS, PSA

Goals/Targets/Indicators	Baseline	Latest	Target ^{9/}	Data Source Agency
17.19.2 Proportion of countries that (a) have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years; and (b) have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration				
17.19.2.1 Proportion of countries that have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years ^{7/} *	1.0 2015	1.0 2020	1.0 2030	PSA
17.19.2.2 Proportion of countries that have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration				PSA
Achieved 100 per cent birth registration	0.0 2016	0.0 2020	1.0 2030	PSA
Achieved 80 per cent death registration ^{8/}	0.0 2016	1.0 2020	1.0 2030	PSA
The SDG Watch is compiled by the Philippine Statistics Authority as the official repository of SDG indicators in the Philippines per PSA Board Resolution No. 09 Series of 2017 . More statistical information on the Philippine SDGs can be accessed at: http://psa.gov.ph/sdg .				

NOTES:

- * 1 if the country satisfies the requirement of the indicator, 0 otherwise
- p Preliminary data.
- N/A Not Available
- 1/ Foreign direct investments (FDI) for 2019 only covers January to November 2019
- 2/ The 2020 ODA portfolio covered loans and grants that were signed or became effective, and supported programs and projects implemented/completed/had ODA financing closed within the period of 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020.
- 3/ Updates were based on the same submission of NTC regulation Branch for the 2021 ITU Long Questionnaire
- 4/ This covers population aged 10 to 64 years. The 2019 data excludes those who did not report their exposure to the internet in the estimation of the indicator.
- 5/ The following are the supporting legislation and order for the indicator:

 Republic Act No. 10625, An Act Reorganizing the Philippine Statistical System, Repealing for the Purpose Executive Order Numbered One Hundred Twenty-One, Entitled "Reorganizing and Strengthening the Philippine Statistical System and for Other Purposes," otherwise known as the "Philippine Statistical Act of 2013"

 Executive Order No. 352, Designation of Statistical Activities That Will Generate Critical Data for Decision-Making of the Government and the Private Sector, stipulates the conduct of census on population and housing every 10 years and mid-decade census primarily to update the population count in all barangays nationwide.
- 6/ Republic Act (RA) No. 10625 or the Philippine Statistical Act of 2013 mandates the PSA to prepare, in consultation with the PSA Board, a Philippine Statistical Development Program (PSDP). The latest PSDP is the PSDP 2018-2023
- 7/ Executive Order No. 352, Designation of Statistical Activities That Will Generate Critical Data for Decision-Making of the Government and the Private Sector, stipulates the conduct of census on population and housing every 10 years and mid-decade census primarily to update the population count in all barangays nationwide.
- 8/ An interim methodology for the estimation of the maternal mortality ratio was approved by the TWG-MMRE, and part of this methodology is the use of the empirical completeness model to estimate the completeness of death registration for the adjustment of the number of maternal deaths.
- 9/ Based on the preliminary 2030 nationally determined numerical targets for the SDGs through the conducted consultation and validation workshops with both government and non-government stakeholders of the NEDA, in partnership with the PIDS.

ACRONYMS:

BESF	Budget of Expenditures and Sources of Financing
BOP	Balance of Payments
BSP	Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas
CRESS	Country Report on Support to Statistics
DBM	Department of Budget and Management
FLEMMS	Functional Literacy, Education and Mass Media Survey
GAA	General Appropriations Act
ITU	International Telecommunication Union
NEDA	National Economic and Development Authority
NTC	National Telecommunications Commission
ODA	Official Development Assistance
PhP	Philippine Peso
PSA	Philippine Statistics Authority
PSDP	Philippine Statistical Development Program
PSNA	Philippine System of National Accounts
TWG-MMRE	Technical Working Group on Maternal Mortality Ratio Estimation
USD	United States Dollars



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